

IPIC 2023

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A data governance framework for a federated logistics data space

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Agenda

Background on freight transport



Conceptual research on data governance framework for a federated logistics data space

Data sharing and need of interorganisational collaboration models

Validation of proposed framework and future work

Conceptual research on federated logistics data space

Role of the data governance framework

Dynamics of federated logistics data space

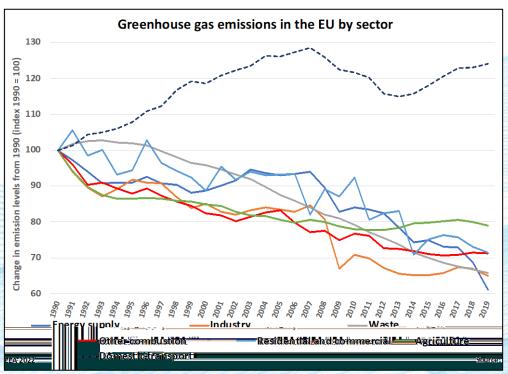


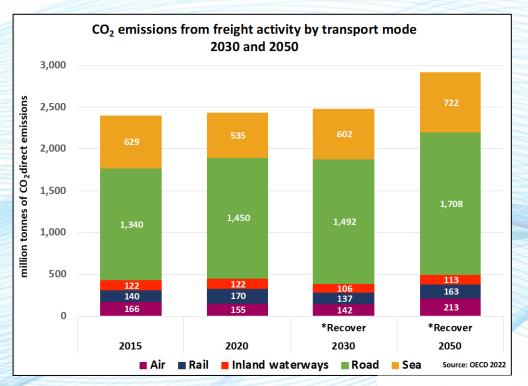


Freight transport: The big picture



- European Green Deal goals to make Europe climate neutral by 2050.
- Externalities of road transport are an increasing concern (European Commission, 2014; Kaack et al., 2018).
- By 2020, Inland Waterways and Rail transport sectors moved only 22.6% of the total cargo transported in Europe, being 2.8% lower than the percentage reported in 2010 (Eurostat, 2022).





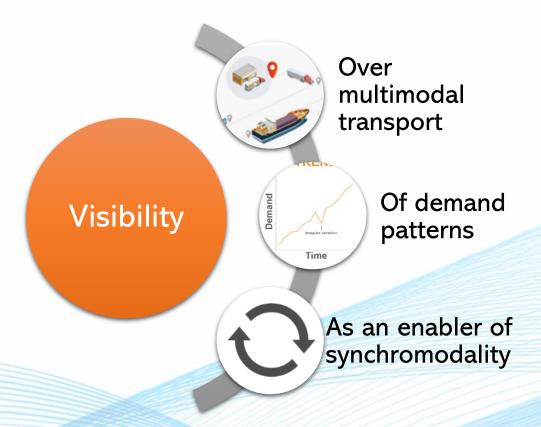






Data sharing in Logistics







Need for investigating inter-organizational collaboration models

- Data Sensitivity and Ownership Concerns
- SME-driven industry
- Small investment capabilities





What is a federated logistics data space?



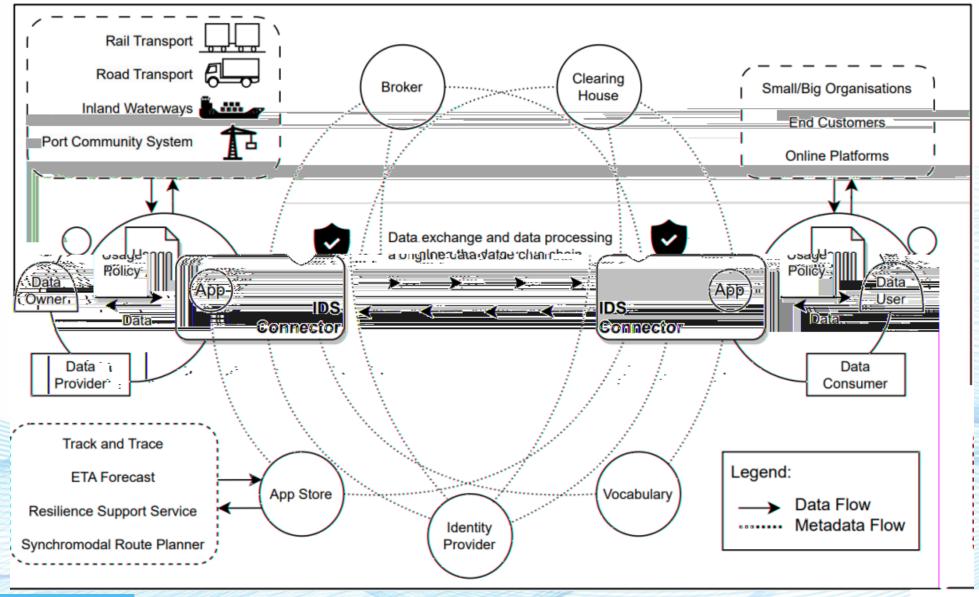
















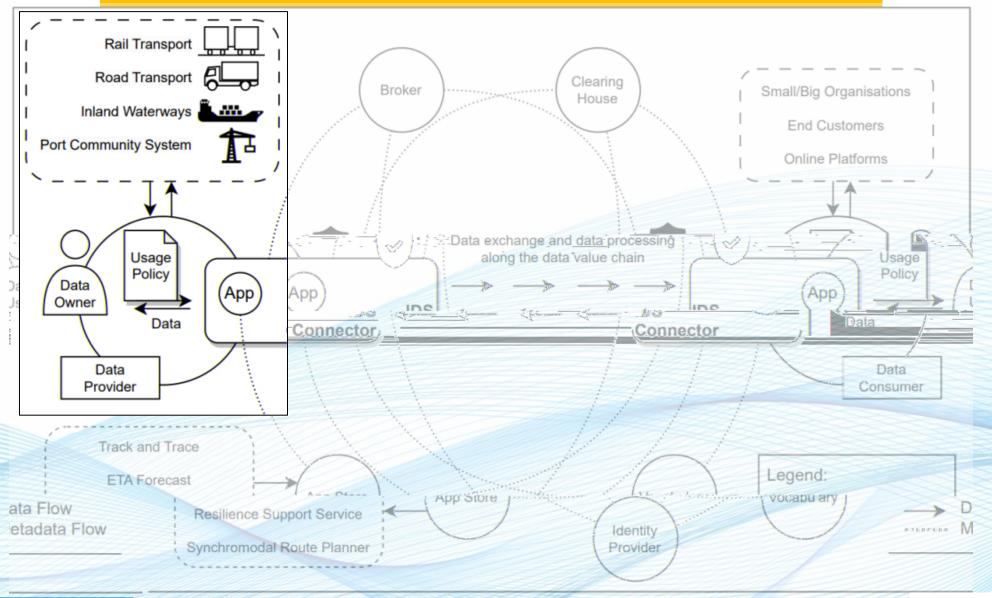




Figure 1: Data architecture for a Federated Logistics Data Space based on IDS (International Data Space) initiative



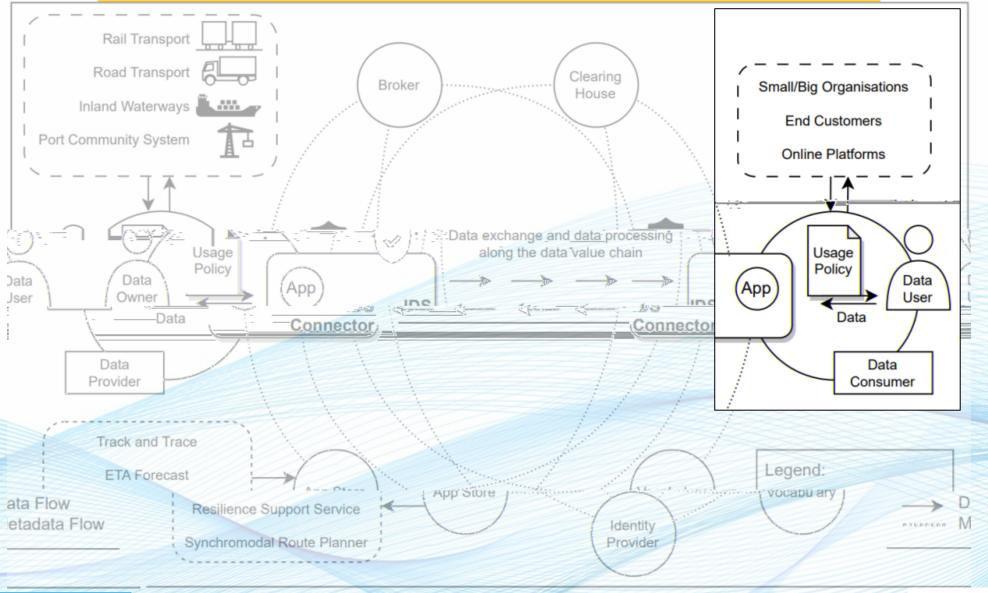




Figure 1: Data architecture for a Federated Logistics Data Space based on IDS (International Data Space) initiative



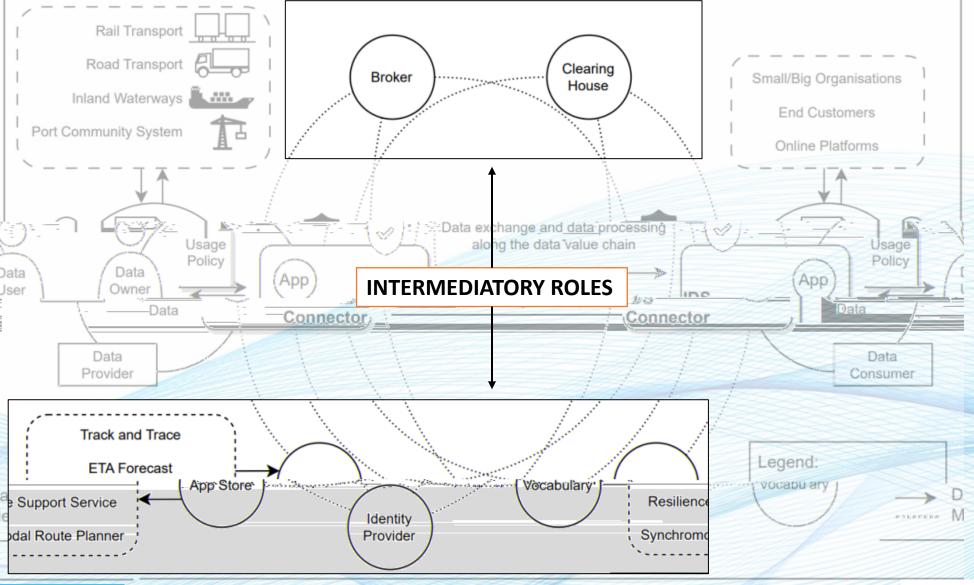




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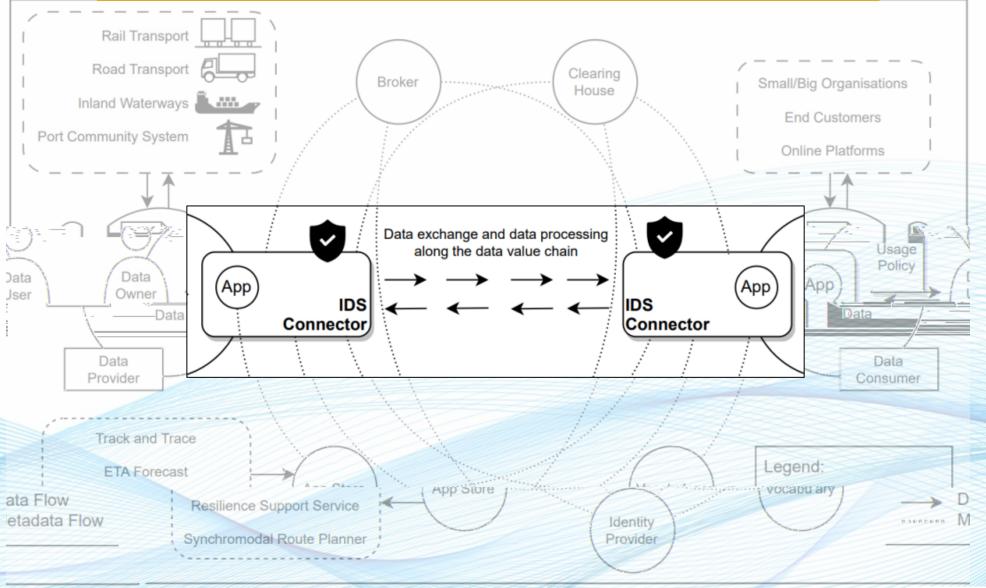




Figure 1: Data architecture for a Federated Logistics Data Space based on IDS (International Data Space) initiative

Dynamics of a federated logistics data space





Complex architecture



Data sharing with competitors



Who is responsible for what?



Data Security, Privacy and Accountability



Control over the data assets



How to build trust between the ecosystem actors?







Role of data governance in federated logistics



data space

• Data governance is "the practice of authority, control, and shared decision-making over the management of data assets."

(Earley et al., 2017)

 Data governance is "a system of decision rights and accountabilities for information-related operations, implemented following models that determine who can take what actions with what information, and when, under what conditions, and using what methods."

(Panian, 2010)

 Considering the broader aspect, Data management practices such as data replication, data archiving, security, backup, metadata management (MDM), data traceability and lineage, business glossary mapping, governance council, release and change management, master data, and business are all governed by standards and procedures known as data governance.

(Narasiah et al., 2016)



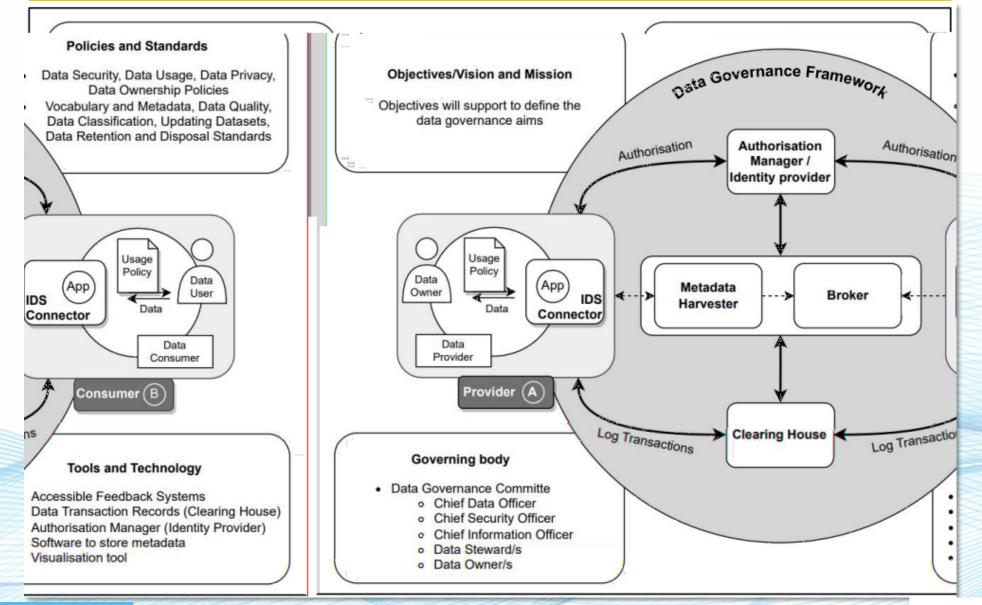
Data governance is an associative process defining each actor's responsibility (accessing, viewing, transferring) and the usage policy in the organisation's or ecosystem's data management.





Conceptual framework of data governance for a federated logistics data space







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Figure 2: Data Governance Framework and its building blocks together with the IDSA architecture for a federated logistics data space (Legend: → Metadata flow, ← interconnected intermediatory roles)

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Conceptual framework of data governance for a federated logistics data space **Policies and Standards** Oata Governance Framework Objectives/Vision and Mission Data Security, Data Usage, Data Privacy, **Data Ownership Policies** Vocabulary and Metadata, Data Quality, Data Classification, Updating Datasets, Data Retention and Disposal Standards Authorisation Authorisation Manager / Identity provider Metadata **BUILDING BLOCKS** Log Transactions sactions **Governing body Tools and Technology** Data Governance Committe Accessible Feedback Systems Chief Data Officer Data Tra Data Transaction Records (Clearing House) Chief Security Officer Authoris Authorisation Manager (Identity Provider) Chief Information Officer Software Software to store metadata Data Steward/s Visualisation tool





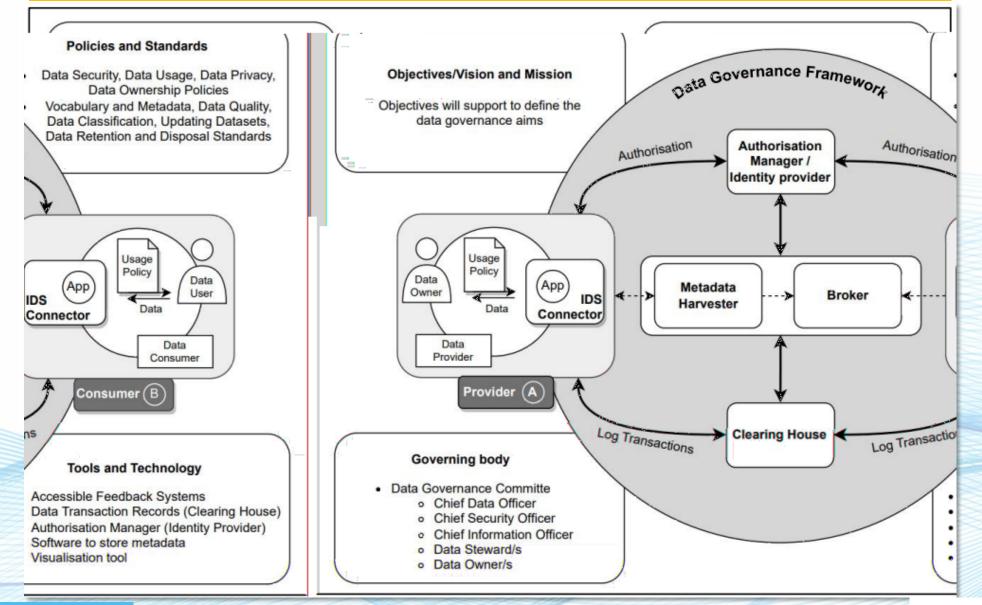
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Data Owner/s



Conceptual framework of data governance for a federated logistics data space







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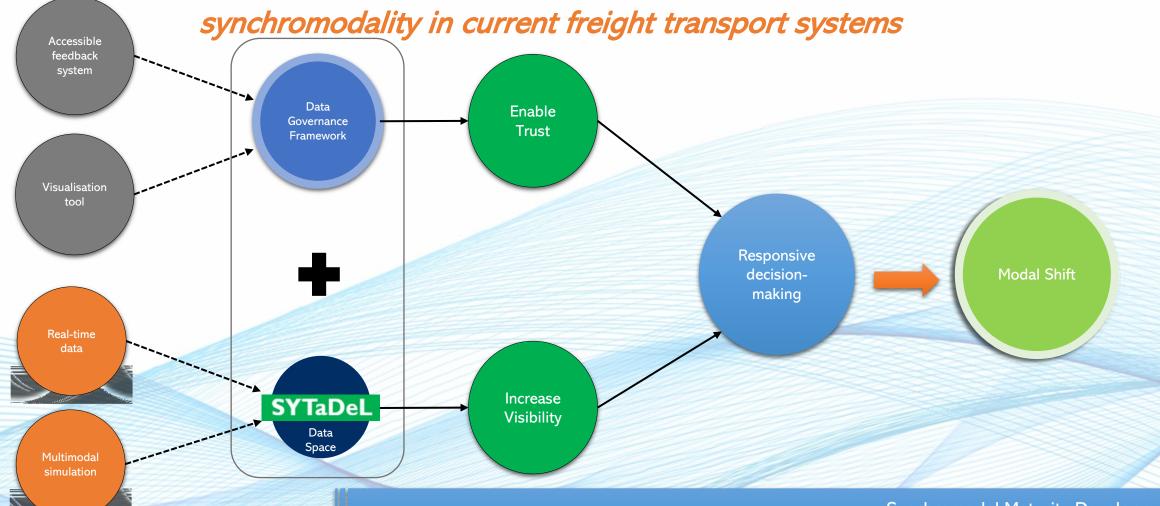
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Overview of Federated Logistics data space

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Data space to increase the visibility that enables the development of



Synchromodal Maturity Development



Validation of proposed framework – Pilot case





Future Work

• For future work, We intend to develop a business model and implement it in a pilot case to test the viability, gather the results and validate the proposed framework of the federated logistics data space for data sharing.

• Target: Write literature on the business model and present it in IPIC 2024.





THANK YOU

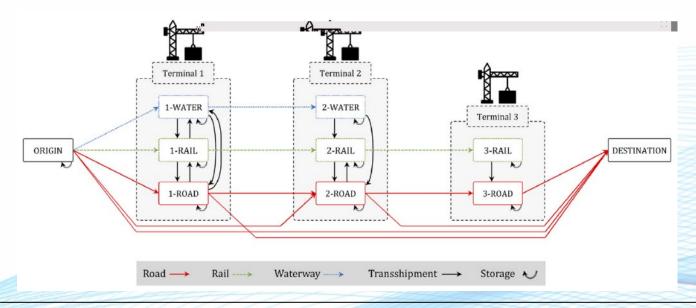
QUESTIONS?



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Appendix

Concept of synchromodality



Synchromodality = intermodality + flexible mode choice + decision-making based on real-time data

Intermodality = multimodality + same load unit + door-to-door + integration

Multimodality = using ≥ 2 modes

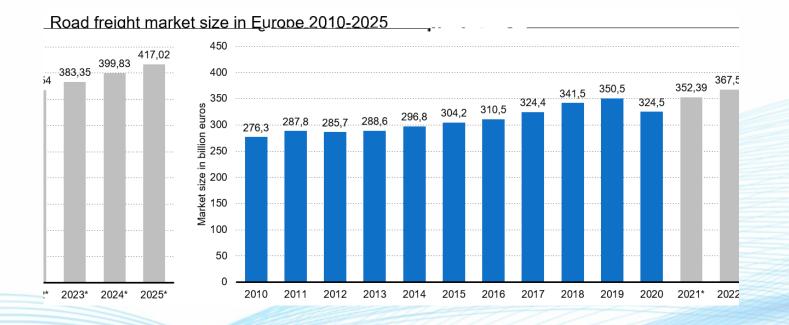
Source: Yee, H., Gijsbrechts, J., & Boute, R. (2021); Khakdaman, M., Rezaei, J., & Tavasszy, L. A. (2020).

A COMPLEX REALITY



- Many stakeholders involved
- Large amount of (inefficient) information exchange
- Digital silos
- Legacy IT systems

A GROWING MARKET



Average load



Average speed



Asset utilization



Empty runs



Source(s): Transport Intelligence; Statista



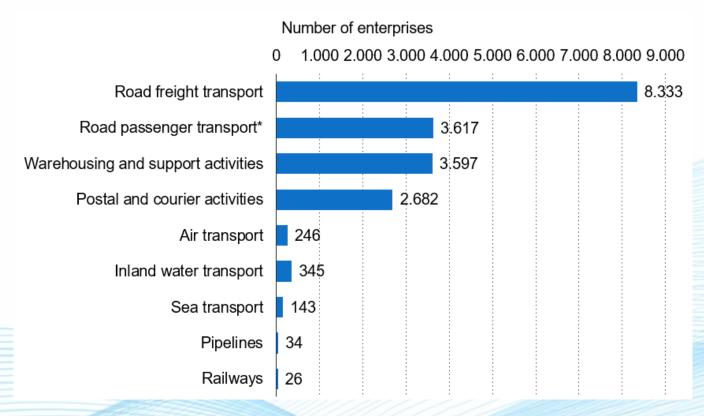
Modal Shift

Road Transport Optimization



Data sharing

A FRAGMENTED MARKET



Source Belgium; European Commission; Eurostat; 2018

data sharing solutions

- Many players
- Low margin operations
- Point-to-point data connections
- Based on old EDI technology

DATA SHARING: THE MODERN PRISONER'S DILEMMA

Many industries agree that they would benefit from a more transparent way of working within their industry. In logistics this is especially important, since your supply chain is connected with and impacted by the operations of all stakeholders in it.

Increasing your collaboration or data sharing across the supply chain can help improve your forecasting, planning optimization or asset utilization. Yet only **few companies are willing to share** their data in order to improve operations.

Understandable of course. What if our competitors would get a hold of our data and use it to outcompete us? Is this GDPR compliant? Who's going to maintain the tech stack & pay for it? Just like in the prisoner's dilemma, we benefit from working together, but refuse out of fear that the other party might misuse our trust and data.

This is why data sharing is expected to be one of the most impactful challenges in logistics of the coming decade. Even more so than AI, since even with an AI you will still need a holistic dataset in the first place!

